

# ATTACHMENT A

# **CONDITIONS OF CONSENT**

# **10 BRIDGE ROAD GLEBE**

# SCHEDULE 1A

# Approved Development/Design Modifications/Covenants and Contributions/Use and Operation

**Note**: Some conditions in Schedule 1A are to be satisfied prior to issue of a Construction Certificate and some are to be satisfied prior to issue of Occupation Certificate, where indicated.

# (1) APPROVED DEVELOPMENT

(a) Development must be in accordance with Development Application No. D/2015/1467 dated 13 October 2015 and the following drawings:

Drawing Number	Architect	Date
DA1103, II	Hosking Munro	07.11.16
DA1104, HH	Hosking Munro	07.11.16
DA1106, FF	Hosking Munro	07.11.16
DA1201, GG	Hosking Munro	07.11.16
DA1301, GG	Hosking Munro	08.11.16

and as amended by the conditions of this consent.

(b) In the event of any inconsistency between the approved plans and supplementary documentation, the plans will prevail.

# (2) MATERIALS AND SAMPLES BOARD

Colours are not approved. A materials sample board detailing all proposed colours and finishes must be submitted to and approved by the Director City Planning, Development and Transport.

# (3) **BUILDING HEIGHT**

- (a) The height of the uppermost part of the building must not exceed RL 18.67 (AHD) and the northernmost edge of the roof above the fourth floor level of the building must not exceed RL 18.57 (AHD).
- (b) Prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued, a Registered Surveyor must provide certification that the height of the building accords with (a) above, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority.

# (4) FLOOR SPACE RATIO - ALL OTHER AREAS

The following applies to Floor Space Ratio:

- (a) The Floor Space Ratio for the development must not exceed 2.49:1 calculated in accordance with the Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012. For the purposes of the calculation of FSR, the total Gross Floor Area is 881.30sq.m.
- (b) Prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued, a Registered Surveyor must provide certification of the total and component Gross Floor Areas (by use) in the development, utilising the definition under Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012, applicable at the time of development consent, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority.

# (5) SECTION 94 WESTERN PRECINCT CITY OF SYDNEY DEVELOPMENT CONTRIBUTIONS PLAN 2006

As a consequence of this development, Council has identified an additional demand for public amenities and facilities. Pursuant to Section 94 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 (as amended), and City of Sydney Section 94 Contributions Development Contributions Plan 2006 the following monetary contributions towards the cost of providing facilities and amenities are required.

Contribution Category	<u>Amount</u>
Community Facilities	\$8,977.74
Public Domain	\$17,309.99
New Open Space	\$142,109.09
Accessibility	\$1,420.74
Management	\$1,536.15
Total	\$171,353.71

The above payments will be adjusted according to the relative change in the Consumer Price Index using the following formula.

Contributions at Time of Payment = C x CPI2 / CPI1

where:

- C is the original contribution amount as shown above;
- CPI2 is the Consumer Price Index: All Groups Index for Sydney available from the Australian Bureau of statistics at the time of payment; and
- CPI1 is the Consumer Price Index: All Groups Index for Sydney available from the Australian Bureau of Statistics at the date of calculation being September 2016.

The contribution must be paid prior to issue of a Construction Certificate. Payment may be by EFTPOS (debit card only), CASH or a BANK CHEQUE made payable to the City of Sydney. Personal or company cheques will not be accepted.

# Please contact Council's Planning Administration staff at planningsystemsadmin@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au to confirm the amount payable, prior to payment.

Copies of the City of Sydney Section 94 Development Contributions Plan 2006 may be inspected at Council's offices.

# (6) HOURS OF OPERATION – GROUND FLOOR COMMERCIAL PREMISE

The hours of operation of the ground floor commercial premise are restricted to between 7.00am and 10.00pm Monday to Saturday and between 7.00am and 8.00pm on a Sunday or a public holiday.

# (7) FIT OUT AND USE - SEPARATE DA REQUIRED

A separate development application for the fit out and use of the ground floor commercial tenancy (other than fit out works and first uses that are exempt or complying development under the relevant SEPP) must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to that fit out or use commencing.

# (8) SIGNS - SEPARATE DA REQUIRED

A separate development application for any proposed signs (other than exempt or complying signs under the relevant SEPP) must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to the erection or display of any such signs.

# (9) ALLOCATION OF ACCESSIBLE CAR PARKING SPACES

For residential development, accessible car parking spaces for people with mobility impairment are only to be allocated to adaptable units. Where allocated to adaptable units, the unit(s) and car spaces must be assigned to the unit in any future strata subdivision of the building.

# (10) ALLOCATION OF PARKING

The maximum number of parking spaces to be provided for the development shall comply with the table below. Details confirming the parking numbers shall be submitted to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

Parking Type	Number
Accessible residential car parking spaces	1
Motorbike parking spaces	4

# (11) ASSOCIATED ROADWAY COSTS

All costs associated with the construction of any new road works including kerb and gutter, road pavement, drainage system and footway shall be borne by the developer. The new road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the City's "Sydney Streets Technical Specification" including amendments and "Sydney Streets Design Code".

# (12) BICYCLE PARKING AND END OF TRIP FACILITIES

(a) The minimum number of bicycle parking spaces and end of trip facilities to be provided for the development must comply with the table below.

Bicycle Parking Type	Number	Requirements
Residential	13	Spaces must be a class 1 bicycle locker [1] or Class 2 bicycle facilities in a consolidated area
Residential visitor	2	Spaces must be Class 3 bicycle rails
Non-residential	1	Spaces must be Class 2 bicycle facilities
Non-residential visitor	2	Spaces must be Class 3 bicycle rails
End of Trip Facility Type	Number	
Personal lockers	3	

Notes:

A basement storage area on title that is large enough to store a bicycle and is no smaller than a Class 1 bicycle locker can be counted as a bicycle parking space.

(b) The layout, design and security of bicycle facilities must comply with the minimum requirements of Australian Standard AS 2890.3:2015 Parking Facilities Part 3: Bicycle Parking Facilities. The details must be submitted to and approved by the Principle Certifying Authority confirming prior to the Construction Certificate being issued.

#### (13) CHANGES TO KERB SIDE PARKING RESTRICTIONS

A separate submission must be made to the Local Pedestrian, Cycling and Traffic Calming Committee via the City Infrastructure and Traffic Operations Unit seeking the City's approval for any changes to kerb side parking arrangements. There is no guarantee kerb side parking will be changed, or that any change will remain in place for the duration of the development use.

The submission must include two plans. One showing the existing kerb side parking restriction signs and stems, the second showing the proposed kerb side parking restriction signs and stems. Both plans must include chainages to all signs and stems from the kerb line of the nearest intersection.

All costs associated with the parking proposal will be borne by the developer.

Note: As parking in the LGA is at a premium, it is recommended that the applicant should approach the Area Traffic Engineer to discuss the proposal before making a submission.

# (14) RESTRICTION ON USE OF CAR SPACES AND STORAGE

The following conditions apply to car parking and storage:

- (a) The on-site car parking spaces, storage areas and bicycle lockers are not to be used other than by an occupant or tenant of the subject building.
- (b) Any strata subdivision of the site is to include a restriction on user pursuant to Section 39 of the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act, 1973* as amended, so burdening all utility car parking and storage allotments in the strata plan and/or an appropriate documentary restriction pursuant to Section 88B of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, burdening all car parking and storage part lots in the strata plan.

### (15) COST OF SIGNPOSTING

All costs associated with signposting for any kerbside parking restrictions and traffic management measures associated with the development shall be borne by the developer.

#### (16) PARKING DESIGN

The design, layout, signage, line marking, lighting and physical controls of all offstreet parking facilities must comply with the minimum requirements of Australian Standard AS/NZS 2890.1 Parking facilities Part 1: Off-street car parking, AS/NZS 2890.2 Parking facilities Part 2: Off-commercial vehicle facilities and AS/NZS 2890.6 Parking facilities Part 6: Off-street parking for people with disabilities. The details must be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

#### (17) VEHICLE FOOTWAY CROSSING

A separate application is to be made to, and approved by, Council for the construction of any proposed vehicle footway crossing or for the removal of any existing crossing and replacement of the footpath formation where any such crossings are no longer required.

All disused or redundant vehicle crossings and laybacks must be removed and footway, kerb, gutter and road restoration reinstated in accordance with Council's standards, to suit the adjacent finished footway and edge treatment materials, levels and details, or as otherwise directed by Council officers. All construction and replacement works are to be completed in accordance with the approved plans prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate.

Note: In all cases the construction materials should reinforce the priority of pedestrian movement over that of the crossing vehicle.

# (18) PROHIBITION ON PARTICIPATION IN RESIDENT PARKING PERMIT SCHEME - APPLICATION OF CITY OF SYDNEY PARKING POLICY

All owners, tenants and occupiers of this building are advised that it is the Policy of Council that they are not eligible to participate in any existing or proposed Council on-street resident parking schemes. The owner of the dwelling must advise all intending owners, tenants and occupiers of the dwelling of this prohibition in writing at the time of entering into a purchase / lease / occupancy agreement.

# (19) SIGNAGE TO INDICATE NON PARTICIPATION IN RESIDENT PARKING PERMIT SCHEME

Signs reading 'all owners, tenants and occupiers of this building are advised that they are not eligible to obtain an on-street resident parking permit from Council' must be *permanently displayed and located* in prominent places such as at display apartments and on all directory boards or notice boards, where they can easily be observed and read by people entering the building. The signs must be erected prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued and must be maintained in good order at all times *by the Owners of the building*.

# (20) RESTRICTION ON RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

The following restriction applies to buildings approved for residential use:

- (a) The accommodation portion of the building (first to fourth floors) must be used as permanent residential accommodation only and not for the purpose of a hotel, motel, serviced apartments, private hotel, boarding house, tourist accommodation or the like, other than in accordance with the *Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012*.
- (b) A restrictive covenant is to be registered on the title of the development site in the above terms and restricting any change of use of those levels from residential flat building as defined in Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012. The covenant is to be registered on title prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued or the use commencing, whichever is earlier, to the satisfaction of the Council. All costs of the preparation and registration of all associated documentation are to be borne by the applicant.
- (c) If a unit contains tenants, it must be subject to a residential tenancy agreement for a term of at least three months.
- (d) No person can advertise or organise the use of residential apartments approved under this consent for short term accommodation or share accommodation.

#### (21) USE OF COMMON AREAS AND FACILITIES

The communal roof top terrace must be available for the use of all residents of the building, and must be designated as common property on any strata subdivision of the site, with no exclusive use rights.

#### (22) AIR CONDITIONERS GENERALLY

No air-conditioning equipment is to be visible from the public domain, equipment and associated wiring shall:

- (a) Not be located on awnings or attached to the facades of the building;
- (b) Not be located on roofs in such a way that it is visible from any street, footpath or park;
- (c) Be visually screened if located 1.8 metres above ground level in other locations;
- (d) Wiring shall be fully concealed.

#### (23) NO AIR CONDITIONING UNITS TO FACADE OR BALCONIES OF BUILDING

Approval is not granted for the installation of individual air conditioning units to the balconies of the building.

# (24) COMPLIANCE WITH THE ACOUSTIC REPORT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND OR OCCUPATION CERTIFICATES

- (a) All performance parameters, requirements, engineering assumptions and recommendations contained in the acoustic report prepared by Atkins Acoustics, dated 6 October 2015, ref:45.6956.R2:GA/DT/2015 must be implemented as part of the detailed design assessment and implemented into the design drawings prior to the commencement of the use of the premises in accordance with the requirements of (b) and (c) below and to the satisfaction of the certifying authority.
- (b) Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, the construction drawings and construction methodology must be assessed and certified by a suitably qualified acoustic consultant\* (see definition below) to be in accordance with the requirements of the DA acoustic report set out below. Specifically, the consultant will prepare a written Acoustic Certification Report with reference to drawings, to the satisfaction of the PCA.
- (c) Prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate, a suitable qualified acoustic consultant is to provide a written Acoustic Verification Report to the satisfaction of the PCA that the development complies with the requirements set out in the Report and in (a) and (b) above.

Note: Suitably qualified Acoustic Consultant means a consultant who possesses the qualifications to render them eligible for membership of the Australian Acoustics Society, Institution of Engineers Australia or the Association of Australian Acoustic Consultants at the grade of member.

#### (25) DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION NOISE AND VIBRATION MANAGEMENT PLAN

A site specific noise management plan shall be submitted to the Council for comment and approval prior to issue of any Construction Certificate.

The Plan must be prepared by a suitably qualified person who possesses the qualifications to render them eligible for membership of the Australian Acoustic Society, Institution of Engineers Australia or the Australian Association of Acoustic Consultants.

The plan must include but not be limited to the following:-

- (a) identification of noise sensitive receivers near to the site.
- (b) A prediction as to the level of noise impact likely to affect the nearest noise sensitive receivers from the use and proposed number of high noise intrusive appliances intended to be operated onsite. A statement should also be submitted outlining whether or not predicted noise levels will comply with the noise criteria stated within the *City of Sydney Construction Hours /Noise Code of Practice 1992* for the typical construction hours of 07.00am to 7.00pm. Where resultant site noise levels are likely to be in exceedance of this noise criteria then a suitable proposal must be given as to the duration and frequency of respite periods that will be afforded to the occupiers of neighbouring property.
- (c) A representative background noise measurement (L<sub>A90, 15 minute</sub>) should be submitted, assessed in the vicinity of any potentially affected receiver locations and measured in accordance with AS 1055:1.2.1997.
- (d) Confirmation of the level of community consultation that has/is and will be undertaken with Building Managers/ occupiers of the main adjoining noise sensitive properties likely to be most affected by site works and the operation of plant/machinery particularly during the demolition and excavation phases.
- (e) Confirmation of noise monitoring methodology that is to be undertaken during the main stages of work at neighbouring noise sensitive properties in order to keep complaints to a minimum and to ensure that noise from site works complies with the noise criteria contained within City's Construction Noise Code.
- (f) What course of action will be undertaken following receipt of a complaint concerning offensive noise.
- (g) Details of any noise mitigation measures that have been outlined by an acoustic consultant or otherwise that will be deployed on site to reduce noise impacts on the occupiers of neighbouring noise sensitive property to a minimum.
- (h) What plant and equipment is to be used on site, the level of sound mitigation measures to be undertaken in each case and the criteria adopted in their selection taking into account the likely noise impacts on the occupiers of neighbouring property and other less intrusive technologies available.

#### (26) NOISE - GENERAL

(a) The emission of noise associated with the use of the premises including the cumulative operation of any mechanical plant and equipment, and air conditioning shall comply with the following:

- (i) The L<sub>Aeq, 15 minute</sub> noise level emitted from the use must not exceed the project specific noise level for that receiver as determined in accordance with the *NSW EPA Industrial Noise Policy*. Noise must be measured in accordance with the Industrial Noise Policy and relevant requirements of Australian Standard AS 1055-1997 Acoustics Description and measurement of environmental noise.
- (ii) Project specific noise levels shall be determined by establishing the existing environmental noise levels, in complete accordance with the assessment L<sub>A90, 15</sub> minute / rating L<sub>A90, 15</sub> minute process to be in accordance with the requirements for noise monitoring listed in the *NSW EPA Industrial Noise Policy* and relevant requirements of Australian Standard AS1055-1997 Standard AS 1055-1997 Acoustics Description and measurement of environmental noise.
- (iii) Modifying factors in Table 4.1 of the *NSW EPA Industrial Noise Policy* are applicable.
- (b) An L<sub>Aeq,15 minute</sub> noise level emitted from the use must not exceed the L<sub>A90, 15</sub> minute noise level by more than 3dB in any Octave Band Centre Frequency (31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive) when assessed inside any habitable room of any affected residence or noise sensitive commercial premises provided that;
  - (i) Where the L<sub>A90, 15 minute</sub> noise level is below the threshold of hearing, Tf at any Octave Band Centre Frequency as defined in Table 1 of International Standard ISO 226 : 2003- Normal Equal-Loudness-Level Contours then the value of Tf corresponding to that Octave Band Centre Frequency shall be used instead.
  - The L<sub>Aeq,15 minute</sub> noise level and the L<sub>A90,15 minute</sub> noise level shall both be measured with all external doors and windows of the affected residence closed;
  - (iii) The relevant background noise level (L<sub>A90, 15 minute</sub>) is taken to mean the day, evening or night rating background noise level determined in complete accordance with the methodology outlined in the *NSW EPA Industrial Noise Policy* and Australian Standard AS1055.1997 Acoustics Description and measurement of environmental noise.
  - (iv) Background noise shall be established in the absence of all noise emitted from the use but with the ventilation equipment normally servicing the affected residence operating. Background noise measurements are to be representative of the environmental noise levels at the affected location.
  - (v) Modifying factors in Table 4.1 of the *NSW EPA Industrial Noise Policy* are applicable. Internal Noise measurements are not to be corrected for duration.

# **SCHEDULE 1B**

# Prior to Construction Certification/Commencement of Work/Health and Building

# (27) EMISSIONS

- (a) The use of the premises must not give rise to the emission of gases, vapours, dusts or other impurities which are a nuisance, injurious or prejudicial to health.
- (b) Gaseous emissions from the development must comply with the requirements of the Protection of the *Environment Operations Act, 1997* and Regulations. Uses that produce airborne particulate matter must incorporate a dust collection system.

# (28) ACCESS AND FACILITIES FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

The building must be designed and constructed to provide access and facilities for people with a disability in accordance with the *Building Code of Australia*.

If, in complying with this condition, amendments to the development are required, the design changes must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

# (29) ADAPTABLE HOUSING

Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued, information from an appropriately qualified access consultant, must be submitted to the Certifying Authority:

- (a) confirming that Apartment 8 as identified on the stamped approved plans is able to be adapted for people with a disability in accordance with the *Building Code of Australia*; and
- (b) demonstrating (in a checklist) compliance with Australian Standard AS4299.

# (30) ASBESTOS REMOVAL WORKS

- (a) All works removing asbestos containing materials must be carried out by a suitably licensed asbestos removalist duly licensed with Workcover NSW, holding either a Friable (Class A) or a Non- Friable (Class B) Asbestos Removal Licence which ever applies.
- (b) Five days prior to the commencement of licensed asbestos removal, Workcover must be formally notified of the works. All adjoining properties and those opposite the development must be notified in writing of the dates and times when asbestos removal is to be conducted. The notification is to identify the licensed asbestos removal contractor and include a contact person for the site together with telephone number and email address.
- (c) All works must be carried out in accordance with the *Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011* and the NSW Government and Workcover document entitled How to manage and control asbestos in the work place: Code of *Practice (NSW WorkCover)* and the *City of Sydney Managing Asbestos Policy*.

- (d) The asbestos removalist must use signs and barricades to clearly indicate the area where the asbestos removal work is being performed. Signs must be placed in positions so that people are aware of where the asbestos removal work area is and should remain in place until removal is completed and clearance to reoccupy has been granted. Responsibilities for the security and safety of the asbestos removal site and removal work area should be specified in the asbestos removal control plan (where required). This includes inaccessible areas that are likely to contain asbestos.
- (e) Warning signs must be placed so they inform all people nearby that asbestos removal work is taking place in the area. Signs should be placed at all of the main entry points to the asbestos removal work area where asbestos is present. These signs should be weatherproof, constructed of light-weight material and adequately secured so they remain in prominent locations. The signs should be in accordance with AS 1319-1994 Safety signs for the occupational environment for size, illumination, location and maintenance.
- (f) Asbestos to be disposed of must only be transported to waste facilities licensed to accept asbestos. The names and location of these facilities are listed in Appendix F of the City of Sydney's Managing Asbestos Guidelines.
- (g) No asbestos products are to be reused on the site (i.e. packing pieces, spacers, formwork or fill etc).
- (h) No asbestos laden skips or bins are to be left in any public place without the approval of Council.
- A site notice board must be located at the main entrance to the site in a prominent position and must have minimum dimensions of 841mm x 594mm (A1) with any text on the notice to be a minimum of 30 point type size.

The site notice board must include the following:

- (i) contact person for the site;
- (ii) telephone and facsimile numbers and email address; and
- (iii) site activities and time frames.

# (31) PHYSICAL MODELS

(a) Prior to a final Occupation Certificate being issued, an accurate 1:500 scale model of the development as constructed must be submitted to Council for the City Model in Town Hall House.

Note:

- (i) The models must be constructed in accordance with the Model Specifications available online at <u>http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/application-guide/application-process/model-requirements</u> Council's modelers must be consulted prior to construction of the model.
- (ii) The models are to comply with all of the conditions of the Development Consent.

(iii) The models must be amended to reflect any further modifications to the approval (under section 96 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act*) that affect the external appearance of the building.

# (32) SUBMISSION OF ELECTRONIC CAD MODELS PRIOR TO OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

- (a) Prior to a final Occupation Certificate being issued, an accurate 1:1 electronic CAD model of the completed development must be submitted to Council for the electronic Visualisation City Model.
- (b) The data required to be submitted within the surveyed location must include and identify:
  - (i) building design above and below ground in accordance with the development consent;
  - (ii) all underground services and utilities, underground structures and basements, known archaeological structures and artefacts;
  - (iii) a current two points on the site boundary clearly marked to show their Northing and Easting MGA (Map Grid of Australia) coordinates, which must be based on Established Marks registered in the Department of Lands and Property Information's SCIMS Database with a Horizontal Position Equal to or better than Class C.

The data is to be submitted as a DGN or DWG file on a Compact Disc. All modelling is to be referenced to the Map Grid of Australia (MGA) spatially located in the Initial Data Extraction file.

(c) The electronic model must be constructed in accordance with the City's 3D CAD electronic model specification. The specification is available online at <u>http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/application-guide/application-process/model-requirements</u> Council's Modelling staff should be consulted prior to creation of the model. The data is to comply with all of the conditions of the Development Consent.

# (33) CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN

A Construction Traffic Management Plan must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

#### (34) DILAPIDATION REPORT – MINOR

Subject to the receipt of permission of the affected landowner, dilapidation report/s of adjoining buildings are to be prepared by an appropriately qualified practising structural engineer and submitted for the approval of the Principal Certifying Authority:

- (a) prior to the commencement of demolition/excavation works; and
- (b) on completion of construction demolition/excavation works.

#### (35) EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL - BETWEEN 250 AND 2,500SQM

Prior to the commencement of demolition/excavation/construction work, an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) must be submitted to and be approved by the Principal Certifying Authority. The ESCP must:

- (a) Conform to the specifications and standards contained in Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction (Landcom, 2004); the Guidelines for Erosion and Sediment Control on Building Sites (City of Sydney, 2004); and the NSW Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
- (b) Include a drawing(s) that clearly shows:
  - (i) location of site boundaries and adjoining roads
  - (ii) approximate grades and indications of direction(s) of fall
  - (iii) approximate location of trees and other vegetation, showing items for removal or retention
  - (iv) location of site access, proposed roads and other impervious areas
  - (v) existing and proposed drainage patterns with stormwater discharge points
  - (vi) north point and scale
- (c) Specify how soil conservation measures will be conducted on site including:
  - (i) timing of works
  - (ii) locations of lands where a protective ground cover will, as far as is practicable, be maintained
  - (iii) access protection measures
  - (iv) nature and extent of earthworks, including the amount of any cut and fill
  - (v) where applicable, the diversion of runoff from upslope lands around the disturbed areas
  - (vi) location of all soil and other material stockpiles including topsoil storage, protection and reuse methodology
  - (vii) procedures by which stormwater is to be collected and treated prior to discharge including details of any proposed pollution control device(s)
  - (viii) frequency and nature of any maintenance program
  - (ix) other site-specific soil or water conservation structures.

# (36) CLASSIFICATION OF WASTE

Prior to the exportation of waste (including fill or soil) from the site, the waste materials must be classified in accordance with the provisions of the Protection of the *Environment Operations Act 1997* and the *NSW DECC Waste Classification Guidelines, Part1: Classifying Waste (July 2009)*. The classification of the material is essential to determine where the waste may be legally taken. The *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* provides for the commission of an offence for both the waste owner and the transporters if the waste is taken to a place that cannot lawfully be used as a waste facility for the particular class of waste. For the transport and disposal of industrial, hazardous or Group A liquid waste advice should be sought from the EPA.

# (37) COMPLIANCE WITH APPROVED ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

Any future intrusive ground works carried out that have the potential to conflict with any residual contamination remaining onsite must only be carried out in accordance with the Environmental Management Plan as referenced by the Site Auditor, Rod Harwood on the final Site Audit Statement dated 22<sup>nd</sup> June 2016, Site Audit Statement No: 242 and approved by the Council.

# (38) NOTIFICATION – NEW CONTAMINATION EVIDENCE

Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination shall be notified to the City's Area Planning Manager and the Principal Certifying Authority immediately.

# (39) REGISTRATION OF COVENANT

A covenant shall be registered on the title of the land and a copy of the title submitted to the City's Area Planning Manager and the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate, giving notice of the former land use and contamination of the site and the existence of any remaining encapsulated contaminated material which are subject to ongoing environmental management.

A covenant shall be registered on the title of the land binding the owners and future owners to be responsible for ongoing maintenance and any future rehabilitation works required in terms of the encapsulated/remaining contaminated materials, including the discharge or prevention of discharge there from of any contaminants or for any works subsequently required by the NSW Environment Protection Authority

# (40) STOCKPILES

- (a) No stockpiles of soil or other materials shall be placed on footpaths or nature strips unless prior approval has been obtained from the City's Construction Regulation Unit.
- (b) All stockpiles of soil or other materials shall be placed away from drainage lines, gutters or stormwater pits or inlets.
- (c) All stockpiles of soil or other materials likely to generate dust or odours shall be covered.

(d) All stockpiles of contaminated soil shall be stored in a secure area and be covered if remaining more than 24 hours

# (41) LANDSCAPED (GREEN) ROOFS

- (a) A detailed plan of the green roof, drawn to scale, by a qualified landscape architect or landscape designer, must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate. The plan must include:
  - (i) A statement that includes details of proposed use of the green roof, general accessibility, as well as noise and privacy treatments.
  - (ii) Location of existing and proposed structures, services and hard landscaping on the rooftop, roof fixings and other structural elements that may interrupt waterproofing, including cross-sectional details of all components.
  - (iii) Details of earthworks including mounding and retaining walls and planter boxes (if applicable).
  - (iv) Details of the location, sizes and numbers of plants used with reference to NATSPEC (if applicable), with preference for drought resistant species.
  - (v) Details of the soil media/substrate type and depth.
  - (vi) Details of installation methodology e.g. safety considerations for working at height, location of maintenance hooks (if applicable) transport materials etc.
  - (vii) Details of accessible and inaccessible areas on the Green Roof. Where proposed to be inaccessible, Green Roofs are required to remain such during occupation of the property.
  - (viii) Details of drainage and irrigation systems, including overflow provisions and water retention cells in the drainage layer (if applicable).
- (b) Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, the following details are to be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority:
  - (i) Evidence the green roof has been assessed as part of the structural certification provided for the development; and
  - (ii) Evidence the green roof has been assessed as part of the waterproofing certification provided for the development.
- (c) All landscaping in the approved plan is to be completed prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate.

- (d) Prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate, a maintenance plan is to be submitted and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority. A copy of the maintenance plan is to be kept on site at all times during construction and shall be produced to Council on request following completion. The Maintenance Manual shall include as a minimum:
  - (i) Frequency and methodology of different maintenance requirements including the removal of green waste.
  - (ii) Details of safety procedures.
  - (iii) Laminated copies of 'As Built' drawings.
  - (iv) Manufacturer's contact details and copies of manufacturers' typical details and specification;
  - (v) Copies of warranties and guarantees relating to all materials and plant used in construction; and
  - (vi) Decommissioning procedures.
- (e) Inaccessible green roofs are required to remain inaccessible during occupation of the property.

#### (42) MECHANICAL VENTILATION

- (a) The premises must be ventilated in accordance with the Building Code of Australia and AS1668.1 -The Use of Mechanical Ventilation and Air conditioning in Buildings – Fire and Smoke Control in Multi-compartment Buildings and AS1668.2 - The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings – Mechanical Ventilation in Buildings.
- (b) Details of any mechanical ventilation and/or air conditioning system complying with AS1668.1 -The Use of Mechanical Ventilation and Air conditioning in Buildings – Fire and Smoke Control in Multi-compartment Buildings and AS1668.2 - The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings – Mechanical Ventilation in Buildings, the Building Code of Australia, and relevant Australian Standards must be prepared by a suitably qualified person and certified in accordance with Clause A2.2(a)(iii) of the Building Code of Australia, and AS1668 -The Use of Mechanical Ventilation and Air conditioning in Buildings to the written satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.
- (c) Prior to issue of an Occupation Certificate and following the completion, installation, and testing of all the mechanical ventilation systems, a Mechanical Ventilation Certificate of Completion and Performance in accordance with Clause A2.2(a)(iii) of the *Building Code of Australia*, must be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority.

#### (43) FUTURE FOOD USE - MECHANICAL VENTILATION PROVISION

The building and mechanical exhaust systems are to be designed to be capable of accommodating exhaust requirements for all ground floor retail tenancies in accordance with relevant Australia Standards, in order to allow for the event that any of the tenancies are approved for future use by food premises or other uses which require mechanical exhaust. Any exhaust system servicing an area where food is being cooked must discharge exhaust air at roof level.

# (44) STRUCTURAL CERTIFICATION FOR EXISTING BUILDING – ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS

A qualified practising certified structural engineer must provide structural certification to Council (where Council is the Certifying Authority) verifying that the existing structure can adequately support the proposed new loads and the structural design complies with the Structural Provisions of Part B1 (Vol 1) and Part 2.1 (Vol 2) of the Building Code of Australia prior to a Construction Certificate being issued. The proposed additional loads and/or alterations must not cause a decrease in the existing structural performance of the building including its performance under earthquake actions (AS1170.4).

#### (45) ANNUAL FIRE SAFETY STATEMENT FORM

An annual Fire Safety Statement must be given to Council and the NSW Fire Brigade commencing within 12 months after the date on which the initial Interim/Final Fire Safety Certificate is issued or the use commencing, whichever is earlier.

#### (46) FLOOR TO CEILING HEIGHT

Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued, the Certifying Authority must ensure that all living rooms and bedrooms in sole occupancy units must have a minimum finished floor to ceiling height of not less than 2.7 metres.

#### (47) LOT CONSOLIDATION

All land to be occupied by the proposed must be consolidated into one lot. A plan of subdivision/consolidation must be registered with the Land and Property Information Division of the Department of Lands, prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued. If a Development Application is lodged in relation to the subdivision of the site, the requirement for lot consolidation is waived.

#### (48) LAND SUBDIVISION

Any proposal to subdivide the site, including any stratum subdivision of the building, will require a separate application to Council to obtain development consent for the proposal and subsequent issue of the Subdivision Certificate under Section 109J of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

#### (49) STRATA SUBDIVISION

Any proposal for strata subdivision of the site will require development consent and therefore the lodgment of a separate development application or complying development application, and subsequent approval from Council, or an accredited certifier, of the Strata Plan and issue of a Strata Certificate under the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973.* 

### (50) APPLICATION FOR HOARDINGS AND SCAFFOLDING INSTALLED ON OR ABOVE A PUBLIC ROAD AND OPERATING HOISTING DEVICES INCLUDING BUILDING MAINTENANCE UNITS OVER A PUBLIC ROAD

- (a) A separate application under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 and Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993 is to be made to Council to erect a hoarding and/or scaffolding (temporary structures) on or above a public road (footway and/or roadway).
- (b) Where an approval (Permit) is granted allowing the placement of temporary structures on or above a public road the structures must comply fully with Council's *Hoarding and Scaffolding Policy; Guidelines for Hoardings and Scaffolding;* and the conditions of approval (Permit) granted including:
  - (i) maintaining a current and valid approval for the full duration that the temporary structure/s is in place;
  - (ii) maintaining temporary structure/s in a structurally sound and stable condition for the full duration of installation (Clause 2.11.1);
  - (iii) bill posters and graffiti being removed within 24 hours of their placement (Clause 2.11.2);
  - (iv) maintaining temporary structures and the public place adjoining the work site in a clean and tidy condition including repainting and/or repair of graphics (Clauses 2.11.1, 2.11.4, 2.14.1 and 3.9.3);
  - (v) maintaining a watertight deck (Type B hoardings) to prevent liquids including rainwater, falling onto the footway/roadway surfaces (Clauses 3.9.1 and 3.9.4);
  - (vi) approved site sheds on the decks of a Type B hoarding being fully screened from the public place (Clause 3.9.5);
  - (vii) material and equipment not being placed or stored on the deck of Type B hoardings, unless specifically approved by Council (Clause 3.9.4);
  - (viii) providing and maintaining operational artificial lighting systems under Type B hoardings including at high-bay truck entry points (Clause 3.9.9); and
  - (ix) ensuring all required signage is provided and maintained (Clauses 3.9.3, 3.9.6, 3.9.8, 3.10.1 and 4.2).

If it is proposed to operate a hoisting device including a building maintenance unit above a public road which swings, hoists material/equipment and/or slews any part of the device over the public road, a separate application under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* and Section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* must be made to Council to obtain approval.

**Note**: 'Building maintenance unit' means a power-operated suspended platform and associated equipment on a building specifically designed to provide permanent access to the faces of the building for maintenance (*Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011*).

# (51) WORKS REQUIRING USE OF A PUBLIC PLACE

Where construction/building works require the use of a public place including a road or footpath, approval under Section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* is to be obtained from Council prior to the commencement of work. Details of any barricade construction, area of enclosure and period of work are required to be submitted to the satisfaction of Council.

# (52) STREET TREE PROTECTION

Street trees must be protected in accordance with the Australian Standard 4970 Protection of Trees on Development Sites. All street trees must be protected during the construction works as follows:

- (a) Tree trunk and major limb protection must be undertaken prior to or during the installation of any hoarding or scaffoldings. The protection must be installed by a qualified Arborist (AFQ 2 or 3) and must include:
  - (i) An adequate clearance, minimum 250mm, must be provided between the structure and tree branches, limbs and truck at all times;
  - (ii) Tree trunk/s and/or major branches, located within 500mm of any hoarding or scaffolding structure, must be protected by wrapped hessian or similar material to limit damage, and
  - (iii) Timber planks (50mm x 100mm or similar) must be placed around tree trunk/s. The timber planks must be spaced at 100mm intervals, and must be fixed against the trunk with tie wire, or strapping. The hessian and timber planks must not be fixed to the tree in any instance, or in any fashion,
  - (iv) Tree trunk and major branch protection is to remain in place for the duration of construction and development works, and must be removed at the completion of the project.
- (b) All hoarding support columns are to be placed a minimum of 300mm from the edge of the existing tree pits/setts, so that no sinking or damage occurs to the existing tree setts. Supporting columns must not be placed on any tree roots that are exposed.
- (c) Materials or goods, including site sheds, must not be stored or placed:
  - (i) around or under the tree canopy; or

- (ii) within two (2) metres of tree trunks or branches of any street trees.
- (d) Protective fencing (1.8 metre chain wire mesh fencing) must be erected on top of the hoarding to Bridge Road to protect branches during the construction works.
- (e) Any damage sustained to street tree/s as a result of the erection of hoardings, scaffolding, or due to the loading/unloading of vehicles adjacent the site, must be immediately reported to the Council's Street Tree Contract Coordinator on 9265 9333, in order to determine the appropriate action for maintaining the health and structural integrity of any damaged street tree.

# (53) STREET TREE PRUNING AND REMOVAL

- (a) The consent from Council must be obtained prior to the undertaking of any street tree pruning works including tree roots greater than 40mm diameter. Only minor pruning works will be approved by Council.
- (b) Any pruning that is required to accommodate hoardings, scaffolding, or to accommodate the loading/unloading of vehicles, and has been approved by Council, must be carried out by a qualified Arborist (AQF3), and must be in accordance with AS4373 Australian Standards 'Pruning of Amenity Trees'.
- (c) The removal of any street tree approved by Council must include complete stump removal and the temporary reinstatement of levels so that no trip or fall hazards exist until suitable replanting occurs. These works must be completed immediately following the trees removal.

# (54) PUBLIC DOMAIN PLAN

- (a) A detailed Public Domain Plan must be prepared by a suitably qualified architect, urban designer, landscape architect or engineer and must be lodged with Council's Public Domain Section and be approved by Council prior to a Construction Certificate being issued for public domain work or above ground building work, whichever is later. The Public Domain Plan must be submitted with a completed Public Domain Plan checklist (available in the City of Sydney's *Public Domain Manual*).
- (b) The Public Domain Plan must document all works required to ensure that the public domain complies with the City of Sydney's *Public Domain Manual*, *Sydney Streets Design Code* and *Sydney Streets Technical Specification*, including requirements for road pavement, traffic measures, footway pavement, kerb and gutter, drainage, vehicle crossovers, pedestrian ramps, lighting, street trees and landscaping, signage and other public domain elements. If an Alignment Levels condition applies to the development, the Public Domain Plan submission must incorporate the approved Alignment Levels. If the proposed detailed design of the public domain requires changes to any previously approved Alignment Levels, then an amended Alignment Levels submission must be submitted to and approved by Council to reflect these changes prior to a Construction Certificate being issued for public domain work.

- (c) The works to the public domain are to be completed in accordance with the approved Public Domain Plan and Alignment Levels plans and the *Public Domain Manual* before any Occupation Certificate is issued in respect of the development or before the use commences, whichever is earlier.
- (d) A Public Domain Works Deposit will be required for the public domain works, in accordance with the City of Sydney's adopted fees and charges and the *Public Domain Manual*. The Public Domain Works Deposit must be submitted as an unconditional bank guarantee in favour of Council as security for completion of the obligations under this consent.
- (e) Council's Public Domain section must be contacted to determine the guarantee amount prior to lodgement of the guarantee. The guarantee must be lodged with Council prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.
- (f) The Bank Guarantee will be retained in full until all Public Domain works are completed and the required certifications, warranties and works-asexecuted documentation are submitted and approved by Council in writing. On satisfying the above requirements, 90% of the total securities will be released. The remaining 10% will be retained for the duration of the specified Defects Liability Period.

# (55) ALIGNMENT LEVELS – MINOR DEVELOPMENT

- (a) Where ground floor levels of existing buildings are being retained, alignment levels for the buildings and site frontages of those buildings must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to a Construction Certificate being issued for public domain works or above ground building works, whichever is earlier. The submission must be prepared by a Registered Surveyor or suitably qualified engineer and must be submitted with a completed Alignment Levels checklist (available in the *Public Domain Manual*) and Footpath Levels and Gradients Approval Application form (available on the City's website).
- (b) If a Public Domain Plan condition applies to the development consent the Public Domain Plan submission must incorporate the approved Alignment Levels. If the proposed detailed design of the public domain requires changes to any previously approved Alignment Levels, then an amended Alignment Levels submission must be submitted to and approved by Council to reflect these changes prior to a Construction Certificate being issued for public domain work.

#### (56) PAVING MATERIALS

The surface of any material used or proposed to be used for the paving of colonnades, thoroughfares, plazas, arcades and the like which are used by the public must comply with AS/NZS 4586:2004 (including amendments) "Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials".

# (57) PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD / DILAPIDATION REPORT - PUBLIC DOMAIN

Prior to an approval for demolition being granted or a Construction Certificate being issued, whichever is earlier, a photographic recording of the public domain site frontages is to be prepared and submitted to Council's satisfaction.

The recording must include clear images of the building facade adjoining the footpath, the footpath, nature strip, kerb and gutter, driveway crossovers and laybacks, kerb ramps, road carriageway, street trees and plantings, parking restriction and traffic signs, and all other existing infrastructure along the street.

The form of the recording is to be as follows:-

- (a) A PDF format report containing all images at a scale that clearly demonstrates the existing site conditions;
- (b) Each image is to be labelled to identify the elements depicted, the direction that the image is viewed towards, and include the name of the relevant street frontage;
- (c) Each image is to be numbered and cross referenced to a site location plan;
- (d) A summary report, prepared by a suitable qualified professional, must be submitted in conjunction with the images detailing the project description, identifying any apparent existing defects, detailing the date and authorship of the photographic record, the method of documentation and limitations of the photographic record;
- (e) Include written confirmation, issued with the authority of both the applicant and the photographer that the City of Sydney is granted a perpetual nonexclusive license to make use of the copyright in all images supplied, including the right to make copies available to third parties as though they were Council images. The signatures of both the applicant and the photographer must be included.

Any damage to the public way including trees, footpaths, kerbs, gutters, road carriageway and the like must immediately be made safe and functional by the applicant. Damage must be fully rectified by the applicant in accordance with the City's standards prior to a Certificate of Completion being issued for Public Domain Works or before an Occupation Certificate is issued for the development, whichever is earlier.

# (58) PRESERVATION OF SURVEY MARKS

All works in City streets must ensure the preservation of existing permanent survey marks (a brass bolt, or a lead plug holding a brass tack, covered by a cast iron box). At least forty-eight hours prior to the commencement of any works in the public way within 1 metre of a permanent survey mark contact must be made with the City's Project Manager Survey / Design Services to arrange for the recovery of the mark.

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, a survey plan, clearly showing the location of all permanent survey marks fronting the site and within 5 metres on each side of the frontages must be submitted to Council.

At least forty-eight hours prior to the commencement of any works in the public way within 1 metre of a permanent survey mark contact must be made with the City's Senior Surveyor to arrange for the recovery of the mark.

A fee must be paid to the Council for the replacement of any permanent survey mark removed or damaged in accordance with the City's Schedule of Fees and Charges (Reinstatement of Survey Box).

# (59) PROTECTION OF SURVEY INFRASTRUCTURE

Prior to the commencement of any work on site, a statement prepared by a Surveyor registered under the *Surveying Act 2002* must be submitted to Council verifying that a survey has been carried out in accordance with the Surveyor General's Direction No. 11 – Reservation of Survey Infrastructure. Any Permanent Marks proposed to be or have been destroyed must be replaced, and a "Plan of Survey Information" must be lodged at the Land and Property Management Authority.

Reason: To ensure that the survey control infrastructure and cadastral framework are preserved for the public benefit and in accordance with the *Surveying Act 2002*.

# (60) PUBLIC DOMAIN WORKS - HOLD POINTS AND HANDOVER

- (a) Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued for public domain work, including civil, drainage and subsurface works, , a set of hold points for approved public domain, civil and drainage work is to be determined with and approved by the City's Public Domain section in accordance with the City of Sydney's *Public Domain Manual* and *Sydney Streets Technical Specification*.
- (b) Prior to a Certificate of Completion being issued for public domain works and before the issue of any Occupation Certificate for the development or before the use commences, whichever is earlier, electronic works-as-executed (asbuilt) plans and documentation, certified by a suitably qualified, independent professional must be submitted to and accepted by Council for all public domain works. Completion and handover of the constructed public domain works must be undertaken in accordance with the City of Sydney's *Public Domain Manual* and *Sydney Streets Technical Specification*, including requirements for as-built documentation, certification, warranties and the defects liability period.

#### (61) STORMWATER AND DRAINAGE - MAJOR DEVELOPMENT

- (a) Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued for any excavation, civil construction, drainage or building work (whichever is earlier), excluding approved preparatory or demolition work, details of the proposed stormwater disposal and drainage from the development including a system of on-site stormwater detention in accordance with Council's standard requirements and details of the provision and maintenance of overland flow paths must be submitted to and approved by Council. All approved details for the disposal of stormwater and drainage are to be implemented in the development.
- (b) The requirements of Sydney Water with regard to the on site detention of stormwater must be ascertained and complied with. Evidence of the approval of Sydney Water to the on-site detention must be submitted prior to a Construction Certificate being issued excluding any approved preparatory, demolition or excavation works.

- (c) Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, a Positive Covenant must be registered on the title for all drainage systems involving On-Site Detention (OSD) to ensure maintenance of the approved OSD system regardless of the method of connection.
- (d) Any proposed connection to the Council's underground drainage system will require the owner to enter into a Deed of Agreement with the Council and obtain registration on Title of a Positive Covenant prior to Construction Certificate being issued for public domain works or above ground building works, whichever is earlier, and prior to the commencement of any work within the public way.

# Note: Contact Council's Legal Unit prior to the drafting of the positive covenant.

(e) An "Application for Approval of Stormwater Drainage Connections" must be submitted to the Council with the appropriate fee at the time of lodgement of the proposal for connection of stormwater to the Council's drainage system.

Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued for any excavation, civil construction, drainage or building work (whichever is earlier), but excluding approved preparatory or demolition work, a stormwater quality assessment must be undertaken by a suitably qualified drainage engineer and must be approved by Council, demonstrating how the development will be designed to ensure that the flow of post-development pollutants from the site due to stormwater will be reduced.

# (62) DEFECTS LIABILITY PERIOD – PUBLIC DOMAIN WORKS

All works to the City's public domain, including rectification of identified defects, are subject to a 12 month defects liability period from the date of final completion. The date of final completion will be nominated by Council on the Certificate of Completion for public domain works.

# (63) PROTECTION OF STONE KERBS

- (a) The existing stone kerbs on the Bridge Lane frontage of the site are to be retained and properly protected during excavation and construction works and incorporated into the new vehicular crossing.
- (b) To avoid damage to stone kerbs during excavation and construction works for the development, temporary removal and storage of the stone kerbs may be approved by Council. Removed, serviceable stone kerbs (i.e. those that are in good condition as agreed by Council officers) must be re-installed in accordance with the City of Sydney's standard details and specifications after the construction works have been completed. <u>Note</u>: A temporary concrete kerb will need to be constructed to retain the footpath until the stone kerbs can be reinstalled. The removed stone kerbs are to be reinstalled prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate. <u>Note</u>: all costs associated with the works are to be at no cost to the Council.
- (c) Damaged kerbs are to be replaced to match existing to Council's satisfaction or as otherwise advised by Council officers.

- (d) Where new crossings or temporary crossings are to be constructed to access the property, the affected kerb stones should be salvaged and reused wherever possible.
- (e) All new driveway laybacks and kerbs are to be constructed with stone kerbs to match existing stones or as specified by City officers. All unused stone kerbs are to be salvaged and returned to the City's store.
- (f) Council approval is required before kerbs are removed.
- (g) Council approval is required prior to the cutting of existing stone kerbs for stormwater kerb outlets.

# (64) PUBLIC DOMAIN DAMAGE DEPOSIT

A Public Domain Damage Deposit calculated on the basis of 54 lineal metres of asphalt site frontage must be lodged with Council in accordance with the City of Sydney's adopted Schedule of Fees and Charges. The Public Domain Damage Deposit must be submitted as an unconditional bank guarantee in favour of Council as security for repairing any damage to the public domain in the vicinity of the site.

The guarantee must be lodged with Council prior to an approval for demolition being granted or a Construction Certificate being issued, whichever is earlier.

The Bank Guarantee will be retained in full until the final Occupation Certificate has been issued and any rectification works to the footway and Public Domain are completed to Council's satisfaction. On satisfying the above requirements 90% of the total securities will be released, with the remaining 10% to be retained for the duration of the 12 months Defect Liability Period.

#### (65) TACTILE GROUND SURFACE INDICATORS AND HANDRAILS

All tactile ground surface indicators, handrails and other elements required to provide access into the building / property must be located entirely within the private property boundary.

#### (66) TELECOMMUNICATIONS PROVISIONS

- (a) Appropriate space and access for ducting and cabling is to be provided within the plant area and to each apartment within the building within for a minimum of three telecommunication carriers or other providers of broadband access by ground or satellite delivery. The details must be submitted for the approval of the Certifying Authority prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.
- (b) A separate DA must be submitted prior to the installation of any external telecommunication apparatus, or the like.

# (67) COMMERCIAL WASTE AND RECYCLING COLLECTION CONTRACT

Prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued and/or commencement of the commercial use, whichever is earlier, the building owner must ensure that there is a contract with a licensed contractor for the removal of **all waste**. No garbage is to be placed on the public way, e.g. footpaths, roadways, plazas, reserves, at any time.

#### (68) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT - RESIDENTIAL

- (a) A Waste Management Plan is to be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to a Construction Certificate being issued. The plan must comply with the Council's *Policy for Waste Minimisation in New Developments 2005*. All requirements of the approved Waste Management Plan must be implemented during construction of the development.
- (b) The building must incorporate designated areas or separate garbage rooms constructed in accordance with Council's *Policy for Waste Minimisation in New Developments 2005*, to facilitate the separation of commercial waste and recycling from residential waste and recycling.

UPON COMPLETION OF THE DEVELOPMENT

(c) Prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued or the use commencing, whichever is earlier, the Principal Certifying Authority must obtain Council's approval of the waste and recycling management facilities provided in the development and ensure arrangements are in place for domestic waste collection by Council.

# (69) WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate for the development, the waste management facilities within the building are to be consistent with Council's "Policy for Waste Minimisation in New Developments 2005" and designed to provide for:

- (a) the residential garbage room to be designed in accordance with Council's "Policy for Waste Minimisation in New Developments 2005" to allow for cleaning, draining and management of the room; and
- (b) the physical separation of residential waste from that generated by the commercial tenancy which is to be collected by a private contractor.

#### SCHEDULE 1C

#### **During Construction/Prior to Occupation/Completion**

#### (70) BASIX

All commitments listed in each relevant BASIX Certificate for the development must be fulfilled prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued.

# (71) HOURS OF WORK AND NOISE – OUTSIDE CBD

The hours of construction and work on the development must be as follows:

- (a) All work, including building/demolition and excavation work, and activities in the vicinity of the site generating noise associated with preparation for the commencement of work (eg. loading and unloading of goods, transferring of tools etc) in connection with the proposed development must only be carried out between the hours of 7.30am and 5.30pm on Mondays to Fridays, inclusive, and 7.30am and 3.30pm on Saturdays, with safety inspections being permitted at 7.00am on work days, and no work must be carried out on Sundays or public holidays.
- (b) All work, including demolition, excavation and building work must comply with the City of Sydney Code of Practice for Construction Hours/Noise 1992 and Australian Standard 2436 - 2010 Guide to Noise Control on Construction, Maintenance and Demolition Sites.

Note: Works may be undertaken outside of hours, where it is required to avoid the loss of life, damage to property, to prevent environmental harm and/or to avoid structural damage to the building. Written approval must be given by the Construction Regulation Unit, prior to works proceeding

The City of Sydney Code of Practice for Construction Hours/Noise 1992 allows extended working hours subject to the approval of an application in accordance with the Code and under Section 96 of the *Environmental Planning and* Assessment Act 1979.

#### (72) ENCROACHMENTS – NEIGHBOURING PROPERTIES

No portion of the proposed structure shall encroach onto the adjoining properties.

#### (73) ENCROACHMENTS – PUBLIC WAY

No portion of the proposed structure, including gates and doors during opening and closing operations, shall encroach upon Council's footpath area.

#### (74) SURVEY CERTIFICATE AT COMPLETION

A Survey Certificate prepared by a Registered Surveyor must be submitted at the completion of the building work certifying the location of the building in relation to the boundaries of the allotment.

#### (75) COVERING OF LOADS

All vehicles involved in the excavation and/or demolition process and departing the property with demolition materials, spoil or loose matter must have their loads fully covered before entering the public roadway.

# (76) HAZARDOUS AND INDUSTRIAL WASTE

Hazardous and/or industrial waste arising from the demolition/operational activities must be removed and/or transported in accordance with the requirements of the NSW Work Cover Authority pursuant to the provisions of the following:

- (a) Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
- (b) Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2005
- (c) Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001
- (d) Work Health and Safety Act 2011
- (e) Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011.

# (77) VEHICLE CLEANSING

Prior to the commencement of work, suitable measures are to be implemented to ensure that sediment and other materials are not tracked onto the roadway by vehicles leaving the site. It is an offence to allow, permit or cause materials to pollute or be placed in a position from which they may pollute waters.

#### (78) OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE TO BE SUBMITTED

An Occupation Certificate must be obtained from the Principal Certifying Authority and a copy submitted to Council prior to commencement of occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building, an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building.

# (79) SYDNEY WATER CERTIFICATE

A Section 73 Compliance Certificate under the Sydney Water Act 1994 must be obtained from Sydney Water Corporation.

Application must be made through an authorised Water Servicing Coordinator. Please refer to the Building Developing and Plumbing section on the web site www.sydneywater.com.au then refer to "Water Servicing Coordinator" under "Developing Your Land" or telephone 13 20 92 for assistance.

Following application a "Notice of Requirements" will advise of water and sewer infrastructure to be built and charges to be paid. Please make early contact with the Coordinator, since building of water/sewer infrastructure can be time consuming and may impact on other services and building, driveway or landscape design.

The Section 73 Certificate must be submitted to Council or the Principal Certifying Authority prior to an Occupation Certificate or subdivision/strata certificate being issued.

#### (80) LOADING AND UNLOADING DURING CONSTRUCTION

The following requirements apply:

- (a) All loading and unloading associated with construction activity must be accommodated on site.
- (b) If it is not feasible for loading and unloading to take place on site, a Works Zone on the street may be considered by Council.

- (c) A Works Zone may be required if loading and unloading is not possible on site. If a Works Zone is warranted an application must be made to Council at least 8 weeks prior to commencement of work on the site. An approval for a Works Zone may be given for a specific period and certain hours of the days to meet the particular need for the site for such facilities at various stages of construction. The approval will be reviewed periodically for any adjustment necessitated by the progress of the construction activities.
- (d) Where hoisting activity over the public place is proposed to be undertaken including hoisting from a Works Zone, a separate approval under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 must be obtained.

# (81) NO OBSTRUCTION OF PUBLIC WAY

The public way must not be obstructed by any materials, vehicles, refuse, skips or the like, under any circumstances. Non-compliance with this requirement will result in the issue of a notice by Council to stop all work on site.

# (82) USE OF MOBILE CRANES

The following requirements apply:

- (a) Mobile cranes operating from the road must not be used as a method of demolishing or constructing a building.
- (b) For special operations including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on site tower cranes which warrant the on-street use of mobile cranes, permits must be obtained from Council for the use of a mobile crane. The permits must be obtained 48 hours beforehand for partial road closures which, in the opinion of Council will create minimal traffic disruptions and 4 weeks beforehand in the case of full road closures and partial road closures which, in the opinion of Council, will create significant traffic disruptions.
- (c) Special operations and the use of mobile cranes must comply with the approved hours of construction. Mobile cranes must not be delivered to the site prior to 7.30am without the prior approval of Council.

# SCHEDULE 1D

# (83) SYDNEY TRAINS CONDITION

- (a) Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, the Applicant shall undertake a services search to establish the existence and location of any rail services. Persons performing the service search shall use equipment that will not have any impact on rail services and signalling. Should rail services be identified within the subject development site, the Applicant must discuss with the RailCorp as to whether these services are to be relocated or incorporated within the development site.
- (b) An acoustic assessment is to be submitted to Council prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate demonstrating how the proposed development will comply with the Department of Planning's document titled "Development Near Rail Corridors and Busy Roads- Interim Guidelines".

- (c) Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate the Applicant is to engage an Electrolysis Expert to prepare a report on the Electrolysis Risk to the development from stray currents. The Applicant must incorporate in the development all the measures recommended in the report to control that risk. A copy of the report is to be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority with the application for a Construction Certificate.
- (d) No scaffolding is to be used within 6 horizontal metres of the rail corridor unless prior written approval has been obtained from Sydney Trains. To obtain approval the applicant will be required to submit details of the scaffolding, the means of erecting and securing this scaffolding, the material to be used, and the type of screening to be installed to prevent objects falling onto the rail corridor.
- (e) Prior to the issuing of a Construction Certificate the Applicant is to submit to Sydney Trains a plan showing all craneage and other aerial operations for the development and must comply with all Sydney Trains requirements. The Principal Certifying Authority shall not issue the Construction Certificate until written confirmation has been received from Sydney Trains confirming that this condition has been satisfied.
- Certificate of Construction (f) Prior to the issue а а Risk Assessment/Management Plan and detailed Safe Work Method Statements (SWMS) and construction methodology for the proposed works are to be submitted to Sydney Trains for review and comment on the impacts on the rail corridor. The Principal Certifying Authority shall not issue the Construction Certificate until written confirmation has been received from Sydney Trains confirming that this condition has been satisfied.
- (g) No metal ladders, tapes and plant/machinery, or conductive material are to be used within 6 horizontal metres of any live electrical equipment. This applies to the train pantographs and 1500V catenary, contact and pull-off wires of the adjacent tracks, and to any high voltage aerial supplies within or adjacent to the rail corridor.

# (84) RMS CONDITION

- (a) All demolition and construction vehicles are to be contained wholly within the site or on Darghan Street as a construction zone will be not be permitted on Bridge Road.
- (b) A Road Occupancy Licence should be obtained from Transport Management Centre for any works that may impact on traffic flows on Bridge Road during construction activities.

# (85) AUSGRID CONDITION

If required by the applicable energy supplier, the owner must dedicate to the applicable energy supplier, free of cost, an area of land within the development site, but not in any landscaped area or in any area visible from the public domain, to enable an electricity substation to be installed. The size and location of the substation is to be submitted for approval of Council and Ausgrid, prior to a Construction Certificate being issued or the commencement of the use, whichever is earlier.

# **SCHEDULE 2**

# The prescribed conditions in accordance with Clause 98 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 apply to the development.

Clause 98	Compliance with <i>Building Code of Australia</i> and insurance requirements under the <i>Home Building Act 1989</i>
Clause 98A	Erection of signs
Clause 98B	Notification of Home Building Act 1989 requirements
Clause 98C	Conditions relating to entertainment venues
Clause 98D	Conditions relating to maximum capacity signage
Clause 98E	Conditions relating to shoring and adequacy of adjoining property

Refer to the NSW State legislation for full text of the clauses under Division 8A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*. This can be accessed at: http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au