Attachment A7(d)

Non-Indigenous Heritage Study – 4 Physical Analysis – Botany Road Precinct



Physical Analysis

4.1 Setting

The Botany Road Corridor lies within the city fringe suburbs of Redfern, Alexandria and Waterloo which comprise historic residential areas; creative, educational, technology and research industries; transport hubs and social housing estates. A description of the surrounding setting follows:

Redfern Railway Station

With its primary entrance on Lawson Street and secondary access from Marian Street, the heritage listed Redfern Raliway Station opened in 1884 and is a major suburban station that serves all Sydney train lines. Historically, Redfern station provided an important link for commuters to the adjacent Eveleigh Raliway Workshops and the surrounding suburbs of Alexandria, Darlington and Chippendale and served to promote the growth of these suburbs. ¹⁵ The station contributes to the local community's sense of place and provides a connection to the local community's history. ⁷⁶

edfern Street

Located within one of Sydney's most culturally, ethnically and economically diverse communities, Redfern Street reflects the character of the area which has traditionally been associated with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities along with a large number of public housing tenants. Redfern Street contains a number of businesses offering creative and professional services, retail and service industries along with a range of food and beverage offerings. The street has experienced significant growth in recent years which has seen many conversions and modifications made to industrial spaces to create new offices, shops and dining venues. The popularity and convenience of Redfern Rived by the proximity and convenience of Redfern Hallway Station and other popular amenities provided along Regent Street and Botany Road.⁷⁷



Figure 96: Redfern Station historic entrance. Source: Heritage Council NSW website.



Figure 97: Redfern Station contemporary entrance.



Figure 98: Redfern street.
Source: http://cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/redfern-street

National Centre of Indigenous Excellence

The National Centre of Indigenous Excellence (NCIE) is a not-for-profit social enterprise that aims to build capability and create opportunities with and for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples across Australia with the sole purpose of creating long-term improvements in wellbeing. From its conception in 2006, the Indigenous Land & Sea Corporation, with the support of the local community, purchased the land where the heritage listed buildings of the Redfern Public School had operated for over a hundred years. These buildings were converted to conference, accommodation and office spaces and a purpose built gym and aquatics centre, and sports field were developed.⁷⁸





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Figure 100: National Centre of Indigenous Excellence.
Source: Tonkin Zulaikha Greer Architects.



Figure 101: Black Theatre site.
Source: Tonkin Zulaikha Greer Architects.

Waterloo Housing Estates

2,012 social housing units and is Sydney's largest inner-city public housing estate. It occupies large blocks of land on the western boundary of Cope housing complex comprises low rise buildings and tall Street in the north, stretching east to Pitt Street. The Street from McEvoy Street in the south, to Philip The existing Waterloo Housing Estates consists of

changing demographic, establish a diverse mix that is characteristic of the area and that supports the local **Botany Road** streets including Redfern Street, Regent Street and amenities and services available in the surrounding the Waterloo Housing Estates, coupled with the 30% social housing. The population density of it into a mixed estate of 70% private housing and with around 7,000 new dwellings that will transform Housing Corporation to replace the existing buildings contentious development plans by the NSW Land and The housing precinct has been the subject of

Waterloo Metro Quarter

construction, occupies a block of the Botany Road Corridor that extends between Raglan and Wellington office space along with community recreational Streets. It comprises a new Metro Station, high rise The Waterloo Metro Quarter, currently under esidential apartment buildings, retail and commercial

Alexandria Park

that contribute to the character of the setting and enhances the residential environment. $^{\rm 81}$ Alexandria Park is the largest green space adjacent to the Botany Road Corridor and provides a areas. The park is bound by large established trees destination for families with dog friendly off-leash kids playground and a cricket oval and is a popular basketball court. The park also offers picnic shelters multipurpose sports field, tennis courts and a



Source: http://www.theconversation.com/. Figure 102: Waterloo housing estate towers.



Source: https://www.propertyobserver.com.au/images/2019/12/19/ Waterloo%20Metro%201.jpg Figure 103: Waterloo Metro proposed development



Figure 104: Alexandria Park. Source: http://www.sityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/alexandria-park

Australian Technology Park

The Australian Technology Park (ATP) comprises the historic locomotive workshops of the heritage listed Eveleigh Rail Yards. The Workshops complex is a rare as continued links to railway operations for over 100 railway workshops that retains its character as well years. example of a relatively intact, large-scale 19th century

Alexandria, amongst others; and its role as a major employer of local working class residents. 82 area is continuously expanding with redevelopment projects in neighbouring streets. The history of the commercial and office tenancies, theatres and the suburban development of Redfern, Waterloo and and operations of the early railway network in Sydney Eveleigh Rail Yards is rich with links to the functions convenient access for commuters to the ATP and the proximity of Redfern Railway Stations provides conference spaces amongst new landscaping. The unique industrial-style venue offering event spaces, hub located on the inner-city fringe with a mix of Today, it is a major business and technology



Figure 105: Australian Technology Park



Source: Tonkin Zulaikha Greer Architects. Figure 106: Australian Technology Park



Source: Tonkin Zulaikha Greer Architects Figure 107: Australian Technology Park

4.2 Streetscape Character

Regent Street, Redfern (west)

Regent Street is located at the northern end of the Botany Road Corridor and together with Botany Road itself forms part of the main spine of the precinct. The commencing at Marian Street. One way traffic flows street trees planted along this side of Regent Street and recent high rise buildings. There are sporadic streetscape, interspersed with infill development which contribute to the historic character of the with two storey Victorian and Federation buildings, character of the western side of the street is mixed,

from 1885 forming the street frontage. with restored two storey face brick buildings dating proximity to Redfern Station, high rise buildings are under construction on the western side of the street, Between Lawson Street and Marian Street, in close wedged between Gibbons Street and Regent Street At the northern most tip, recent development is

Street comprises a series of two storey rendered and painted buildings with parapets constructed Margaret Street. single storey petrol station located on the corner of development makes up the rest of the block with a between 1895 and 1910. Two and three storey infill South of Boundary Street, numbers 90 - 96 Regent

Figure 111: 120-142 Regent Street, Redfern.

144-152 Regent Street presents as a four storey face brick building with additional storeys setback from buildings with shopfronts protected by awnings, which step in groups of two and three from 122 to Street Redfern becomes Botany Road Alexandria at brick warehouse buildings dating from around the by a continuous awning. Two single storey painted the street façade over. At street level this building has entry foyers and shopfronts which are covered the parapets. The recently constructed building at 142 Regent Street. Some recent additions have been constructed at the upper levels, set back from by a fairly consistent row of two storey parapeted immediately to its south at 120 Regent Street followed street corner, with a two storey timber clad building constructed in 1872, is located on the opposing St Lukes Presbyterian Church, a Heritage Item 1930s complete this side of Regent street. Regent



Figure 108: 90 Regent Street, Redfern. Figure 109: 74-76 Regent Street, Redfern.





Figure 110: 60-66 Regent Street, Redfern.



Figure 113: St Lukes Presbyterian Church, 118 Regent Street, Redfern.



Figure 112: 158 Regent Street, Redfern.

|Commercial In Confidence |

Regent Street, Redfern (east)

The character of the eastern side of Regent street is also mixed, with two storey Victorian and Federation buildings, which contribute to the character of the streetscape, interspersed with more recent intill development. Street trees are planted along this side of the street.

a Heritage Item. The neighbouring two storey face Corridor. The two storey sandstone terrace at 181 Regent Street dates from the 1870s and is listed as comprises a series of modest two storey rendered and towards Cope Street that says 'Aboriginal'. Recent four storey shop top housing extends south to number Mission detailing that has been painted with a mural comprises a single storey garage, with Spanish To the north, the study area commences at the Jack Floyd Reserve, followed by 131 Regent Street which pedestrian thoroughfare. from 1906 and is separated from its neighbour by a brick and tiled building at 183 Regent Street dates some of the earliest buildings within the Botany Road framed windows. Despite these changes, these are modified with shopfronts, awnings and aluminium metal roofs and intact chimneys. Some have been painted terraces dating from the 1860s-1870s, with 145 Regent Street. Beyond this the streetscape

A series of two storey buildings dating from 1884-1911 extend from 185-195 Regent Street, some are rendered and painted whilst others are face brick – all have shopfronts covered by awnings. The footpath widens at 197 Regent, in front of the Aboriginal Legal Service, with a planter bed and a greater density street trees which extend to the bend in the road which signifies the beginning of Botany Road. Buildings on this stretch of road are all recent developments which range in scale from two to six storeys.



Figure 114: Sculpture at Jack Floyd Reserve, 129 Regent Street, Redfern.



Figure 115: Jack Floyd Reserve, 129 Regent Street, Redfern. Photographer, Hill Thalis.



Figure 116: 131 Regent Street, Redfern.



Figure 117: 147-179 Regent Street, Redfern.



Figure 118: 183-195 Regent Street, Redfern.

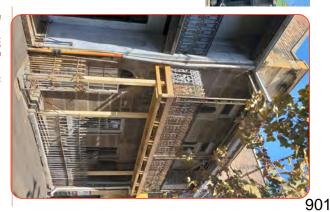


Figure 119: Terrace House, 181 Regent Street, Redfern.

Botany Road, Alexandria (west)

the 1870s. FBI Radio occupies a four storey brick building, set back from the street behind street trees to align with the heritage listed Cricketers Arms Hotel Street. The western side of the street has a recent five storey residential building on the block between Chapel Lane. Beyond this there is a series of two which is located on the corner of Henderson Road. with awnings and shopfronts, some dating back to storey Victorian and Federation commercial buildings Regent Street becomes Botany Road at Boundary The two storey, face brick, former CBC Bank occupies

different character and predominantly comprises one to three storey. Post War light industrial buildings, set back from the street behind off street parking. 84-88 typology. Botany Road is a good representative example of this Buckland Street. As a result, development here is of a point and the land rezoned in the block leading to Botany Road was widened in the 1950s beyond this

Historic buildings define the Buckland Street intersection, with a two storey Victorian terrace house at number 128 and corner commercial buildings at Star Hotel located at 170 Botany Road and group of to McEvoy Street. The exceptions to this are the ranging in height from one to four stories extending there is a mix of more recent light industrial and 130-132 and 134 Botany Road. Beyond the corner, terrace houses adjacent, which are located diagonally residential developments with varying street setbacks



Figure 120: 42 Botany Road, Alexandria.



Figure 121: 34-40 Botany Road, Alexandria.

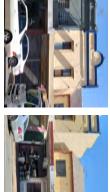


Figure 122: 28-32 Regent Street, Alexandria.





Figure 123: 22-26 Regent Street, Alexandria.



56-58 Botany Road, Alexandria. Figure 124: Cricketers Arms Hotel,

Figure 125: Former CBC Bank, 60 Botany Road, Alexandria.



Figure 126: 130-136 Botany Road, Alexandria.



Figure 127: 170-176 Botany Road, Alexandria.



evidence of early construction on the southern the neighbouring commercial building that shows Botany Road. The lane abuts a facebrick wall of to Botany Road but today it is only accessed from Historically, the lane connected Wyndham Street of single storey houses that date to the late 1890s Moores Lane is a narrow lane that services a group

Moores Lane, Alexandria

Figure 128: View along Moores Lane, Alexandria.



Figure 129: 1-5 Moores Lane, Alexandria.



Figure 130: 1-5 Moores Lane, Alexandria.



Figure 131: 172-176 Botany Road, Alexandria



front garden areas.

Botany Road, Waterloo (east)

its splayed entrance and continuous awning. and painted Abbotts Hotel forms the street corner with awnings and shopfronts interspersed with newer small are set closer to the street and comprise two storey Victorian and Federation commercial buildings with the design of the space. Beyond this, the buildings supermarket. The footpath is widened here, with commences with a series of two storey commercial buildings with shopfronts including a large On the eastern side, to the north, Botany Road scale developments. The historic two storey, rendered seating and street trees. Public art is incorporated into

The only remaining building is the heritage listed Congregational Church, located at 103-105 Botany Street has been razed to the ground awaiting construction of the new Waterloo Metro Station. The block between Henderson Road and Wellington

to four storey development. A face brick mid century warehouse building, used as a mechanic's workshop, defines the northern corner of John Street with a two with the Alignment Pin located on the kerb in front of it. Travelling south, there is a single two storey corner of Wellington Street, is heritage listed along storey commercial building on the opposite corner. Road amongst a wide range of relatively recent one Victorian terrace house remaining at 131 Botany The two storey Cauliflower Hotel, located on the

off street parking. Uses are mixed, ranging from light remainder of Botany Road heading towards McEvoy Street, with buildings setback from the street behind industrial to commercial with some recent residential Two to four storey more recent development lines the



Figure 132: 29-29A Botany Road, Waterloo.



Figure 133: 33a-35 Botany Road, Waterloo.



Figure 134: 37-41 Botany Road, Waterloo.



Figure 135: Abbotts Hotel 45-49 Botany Road, Waterloo.



Figure 136: Congregational Church, 103-105 Botany Road, Waterloo.



Figure 137: Cauliflower Hotel, 123 Botany Road, Waterloo.



Figure 138: Alignment Pin, 123 Botany Road, Waterloo.



Figure 140: 161-165 Botany Road, Waterloo.



Figure 139: 131 Botany Road, Waterloo.

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John Street, Waterloo

John Street runs between Botany Road and Cope Street within the Botany Road Corridor and comprises a heritage listed row of two storey Victorian terrace houses with verandahs known as 'Gordon Terrace' corner of Cope Street which has been adapted to suit side of the street has a warehouse building on the constructed in 1885 on the south side. The north



Figure 141: 2 John Street, Waterloo.



Figure 142: Gordon Terrace, 2 John Street, Waterloo.

Wellington Street, Waterloo

Beyond the Cauliflower Hotel, located on the corner of Botany Road, 122-136 Wellington Street runs east and comprises of a row of two storey Victorian terrace houses which extend to the corner of Cope Street.



Figure 145: 122-126 Wellington Street, Waterloo.

Cope Street, Waterloo

towards Botany Road. The bottom of the drain is lined in sandstone, whilst the walls are constructed Metro Station development in the street comprises three to four storey residential developments with a lining the western side. the street changes with two storey blank warehouses of brickwork. Beyond John Street the character of open drain runs between 184 and 186 Cope Street located between 190-204 Cope Street. An historic row of modest single storey Victorian terrace houses suburb of Waterloo. Beyond the proposed Waterloo The southern end of Cope Street is located in the



Figure 143: Between 184 and 186 Street, Waterloo.



Figure 144: 190-204 Cope Street, Waterloo.

Raglan Street, Waterloo

proposed Waterloo Metro Station. awnings make up the streetscape towards the Abbott Hotel. The southern side of the street is the site of the defined by a two storey parapeted Victorian corner shop. Two storey buildings with shopfronts and Waterloo. The northern corner at Cope Street is Raglan Street runs east from Botany Road towards



Figure 146: 125 Raglan Street, Waterloo.

Cope Street, Redfern

To the north of Raglan Street, Cope Street rises up

towards the Jack Floyd Reserve, which is located at the intersection of Redfern Street and Botany Road. The western side of the street, within the Botany Road. The western side of the street, within the Botany Road Corridor, contains a series of four to five storey modern apartment buildings opposite the Department of Housing Waterloo Towers. Smaller scale light industrial warehouse buildings are interspersed with this typology to the rear of the National Centre for Indigenous Excellence, which is in the former Redfern Public School site, located beyond the Phillip Street intersection. Rising up the hill the character of the street changes with a series of Victorian terrace houses between 26 and 52 Cope Street bookended by a small warehouse and a two storey Post War commercial building. At the northern end of the street the scale once more shifts to contemporary our to five storey apartment buildings opposite the Black Theater site. The Spanish Mission rear of 131 Regent Street terminates the built form at the reserve, opposite a public carpark. The eastern side of Cope Street is located within the Redfern Estate Heritage Conservation Area.



Figure 147: 26-52 Cope Street, Redfern.



Figure 149: 82 Cope Street, Waterloo.



Figure 151: 56 Cope Street, Waterloo.

Figure 150: 60 Cope Street, Waterloo.



Figure 152: 16-22 Cope Street, Redfern.



Figure 148: 24 Cope Street, Redfern.

Marian Street, Redfern

Redfern Railway Station via Gibbons Street where it is interrupted by a large triangular shaped park known as the Gibbons Street Reserve or Rosehill corner of Cornwallis and Rosehill Streets and has landmark qualities. This five storey rendered and painted building dates from 1906 and was adapted to located at 1-9 Marian Street, occupies the elevated Street Park. The former McMurtie's Shoe factory, Marian Street leads from Regent Street towards esidential uses in the 1990s.



Figure 153: 1-9 Marian Street, Redfern.

Garden Street, Alexandria

Four to five storey recent residential developments make up the bulk of the buildings in Garden Street. The exceptions are the Vidorian terrace pair located at 26-28 and the small face brick warehouse building reminders of the street's past. located at 6-8 Garden Street, which serve as



Figure 155: 6-8 Garden Street, Alexandria.



Figure 156: 26-28 Garden Street, Alexandria.

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Rosehill Street, Redfern

Contribtuory buildings include the two storey Victorian corner shop at 88 Rosehill Street, and to three stories in scale. The street is lined with trees. development on the street is relatively recent and two the neighbouring one storey terrace pair. Other Gibbons Street on the eastern side of the Reserve Rosehill Street is a one way street that runs off



Figure 154: 88 Rosehill Street, Redfern.

Henderson Road, Alexandria

Bank on the corner of Botany Road and the two storey Lord Raglan Hotel, constructed in 1924, on the corner making up the remainder of the streetscape character with three to four storey infill development Henderson Road which contributes to the streetscape Society occupy a two storey warehouse building at 5 of Wyndham Street. The Australian Railway Historical heritage listed Cricketer's Arms Hotel and former CBC Henderson Road is a busy road defined by the



Figure 157: 5 Henderson Road, Alexandria.



Figure 158: Lord Raglan Hotel, 12 Henderson Road, Alexandria



which have been adapted to new uses. The buildings on the north side of the street are located within the

side comprises two storey former warehouse buildings

Alexandria Park Heritage Conservation Area and are

one and two storey Victorian terrace houses wedged between two storey corner shops, whilst the south

Street, the north side of Buckland Street comprises Extending from Botany Road west towards Wynham Buckland Street, Alexandria

Figure 160: 1-21 Buckland Street, Alexandria, (Located within Alexandria Park HCA.

Figure 159: 23 Buckland Street, Alexandria. (Located within Alexandria Park HCA.



Figure 161: 1-21 Buckland Street, Alexandria, (Located within Alexandria Park HCA.

Wyndham Street, Alexandria

with smaller scale warehouse type buildings lining the eastern side of the street. The exceptions are the one and two storey Victorian terrace houses located between 102 and 112 Wyndham Street. The Buckland corner shops. One and two storey Victorian terrace houses face Alexandria Park, interspersed with more recent three to four storey infill developments and warehouse buildings which extend towards McEvoy Street. Former Electric Light Sub Station No.89, Street intersection is defined by two storey Victorian residential developments three to five storeys high. The character of the street changes at the Lord McEvoy Street in the south, Wyndham Street comprises a wide mix of building types and uses. The Daniel Dawson Reserve provides much needed open space on the corner of Boundary Street. The northern Extending from Boundary Street in the north to located at 212-214 Wyndham Street, is identified as a Raglan, located on the corner of Henderson Road, portion of the street consists predominantly of recent



Figure 162: 64 Wyndham Street, Alexandria.



Figure 163: 102-108 Wyndham Street, Alexandria.



Figure 164: 110-112 Wyndham Street, Alexandria.



(Located within Alexandria Park HCA) Figure 165: 118 Wyndham Street, Alexandria.



Figure 166: (top) 176-178 Wyndham Street, Alexandria, (bottom) 162-168 Wyndham Street, Alexandria.





Figure 167: (top) 128-130 Wyndham Street, Alexandria, (bottom) 182-190 Wyndham Street Alexandria.



Figure 168: Former Electric Light Sub Station No.89, 212-214 Wyndham Street Alexandria.

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4.3 Key Views

Significant views enable an appreciation of the setting and context of heritage items and contributory buildings within the Botany Road Corridor, and should be maintained and enhanced. These buildings form landmarks, aid in wayfinding and add to a sense of

- View along Regent Street in both directions.
- Henderson Road in both directions. View along Botany Road between Chapel Lane and
- Congregational Church. View from corner of Henderson Road to
- View along Botany Road to Cauliflower Hotel.
- View of Gordon Terrace on John Street.

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 View along Cope Street Waterloo of early single storey

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 **TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE View of Gordon Terrace on John Street.
- View of early development along Raglan Street. View of terrace houses on Wellington Street.
- Street Redfern. View of one and two storey terrace houses on Cope
- High point. View past former McMurties shoe factory towards Redfern Station. View south over Gibbons Street Reserve and the precinct beyond.
- View from Daniel Dawson Reserve to early shop and terrace houses on corner of Boundary Street and Eveleigh Railway Workshops beyond.
- View in both directions along Henderson Road towards the Lord Raglan Hotel, Cricketers Arms and
- Alexandria Park. View of early residential terrace houses facing

Former CBC Bank located on the corners.

including corner shop buildings and early terrace View in both directions along Buckland Street

Figure 169: Key Views.
Source: LEP Map with TZG Overlay.



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directions. Figure 170: 01 View along Regent Street in both



Figure 171: 01 View along Regent Street in both directions.



Figure 172: 02 View along Botany Road between Chapel Lane and Henderson Road in both directions.



Figure 173: 03 View from corner of Henderson Road to Congregational Church.



Figure 174: 04 View along Botany Road to Cauliflower Hotel.



Figure 175: 05 View of Gordon's Terrace on John Street



Figure 176: 06 View along Cope Street Waterloo of early single storey terrace houses.



Figure 177: 07 View of Terrace Houses on Wellington Street.



Figure 178: 08 View of early development along Raglan Street.





Figure 179: 09 View of one and two storey terrace houses on Cope Street, Redfern.



Figure 181: 11 View from Daniel Dawson Reserve to early shop and terrace houses on corner of Boundary Street. Figure 182: 12 View in both directions along Henderson Road towards the Lord Raglan Hotel, Cricketers Arms and Former CBC Bank located on the corners.



Figure 183: 13 View of early residential terrace houses facing Alexandria Park.



Figure 184: 14 View in both directions along Buckland Street including comer shop buildings and early terrace houses.



4.4 Evidence of Early Subdivision Patterns and Built Form

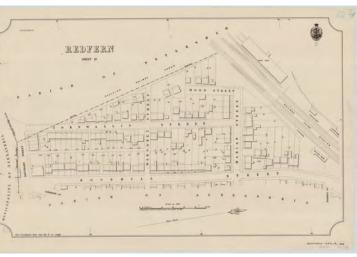
The maps in Section 3.6 of this report trace the history of subdivision within the Botany Road Corridor.

The Botany Road Corridor is located on land awarded through Crown grants to William Chippendale (1816) and William Hutchinson (1823) with Chippendale's grant to the north and west of Botany Street and Hutchinson's grant to the south of Boundary Street.

The first subdivision occurred around present day Cleveland Street and Redfern Street in 1842. A portion of land belonging to WC Wentworth from the Chippendale Estate between Regent and Botany (Cope) Street was also subdivided shortly afterwards. William Hutchinson subdivided his portion of the Chippendale grant in 1844 and, following his death in 1846, was passed to his descendants who leased portions for a maximum 21 year term. These blocks of land were eventually sold as freehold following the death of the beneficiaries with subdivision beginning in the mid 1850s and continuing to the early 1860s.

The Botany Road Corridor retains evidence of original and early built form, as demonstrated by the preceding physical analysis and maps.

The maps on the following pages illustrate the remaining contributory historical buildings and are arranged by phases of development.





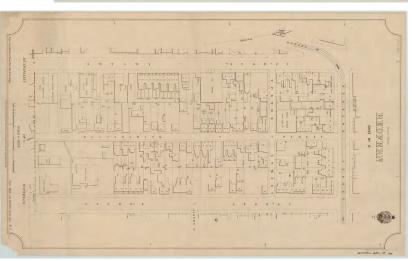


Figure 185: 1888, Redfern Sheet 19. Source: State Library of NSW, available online.

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Figure 186: 1888, Redfern Sheet 18. Source: State Library of NSW, available online

Figure 187: 1895, Redfern Sheet 17. Source: State Library of NSW, available online.



Figure 188: Construction Dates of contributory buildings within the Botany Road Corridor.

Construction
Dates of **Buildings** Contributory

Legend

1788-1840 1840-1890 Colonial Victorian

1890-1915 1915-1940 1940-1960 1960-1999 Inter War Post War Federation

Late 20th Century



Figure 189: Construction Dates of contributory buildings within the Botany Road Corridor.

Source: City of Sydney LEP Map with TZG overlay.

Pre 1890 Victorian

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Figure 190: Construction Dates of contributory buildings within the Botany Road Corridor.

Source: City of Sydney LEP Map with TZG overlay.

1890-1915 Federation

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Figure 191: Construction Dates of contributory buildings within the Bottany Road Corridor.

Source: City of Sydney LEP Map with TZG overlay.

1915-1940 Inter War

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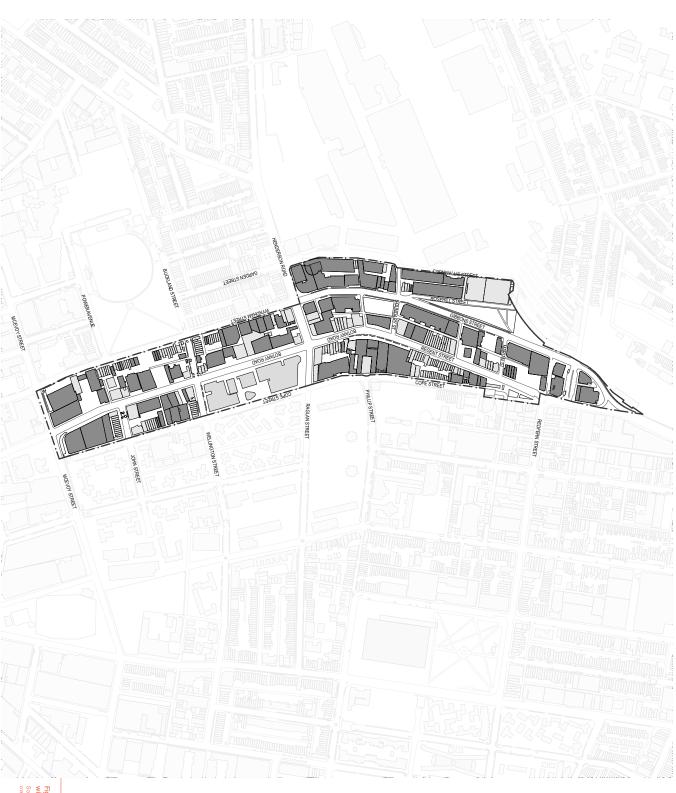


Figure 192: Post 1940s buildings within the Botany Road Corridor.
Source: City of Sydney LEP Map with TZG overflay.

1940-1960

Components 4.5 Early Landscape

Whist the Botany Road Corridor retains evidence of original and early built form, there is less evidence of early open space or landscape components, other than Alexandria Park, which is located adjacent to the study area and the open drain that runs between Cope Street and Botany Road.





Figure 193: Current open space overlaid on 1855-1865 plan of Redfern.







Figure 195: Current open space overlaid on 1890s MWSB plans.



Figure 198: Current open space overlaid on 1951 plan.

Figure 197: Current open space overlaid on 1938-1950 plan.



Figure 199: Current open space overlaid on 1951 aerial photograph showing clearances associated with construction of the Eastern Suburbs Railway and realignment of Gibbons Street.

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Source: https://dictionaryofsydney.org/media/3890 Figure 196: The 1886-1888 Map of Alexandria shows the 'Proposed Park' 'in dispute'